



Insight of Chinese Migrants living in Japan

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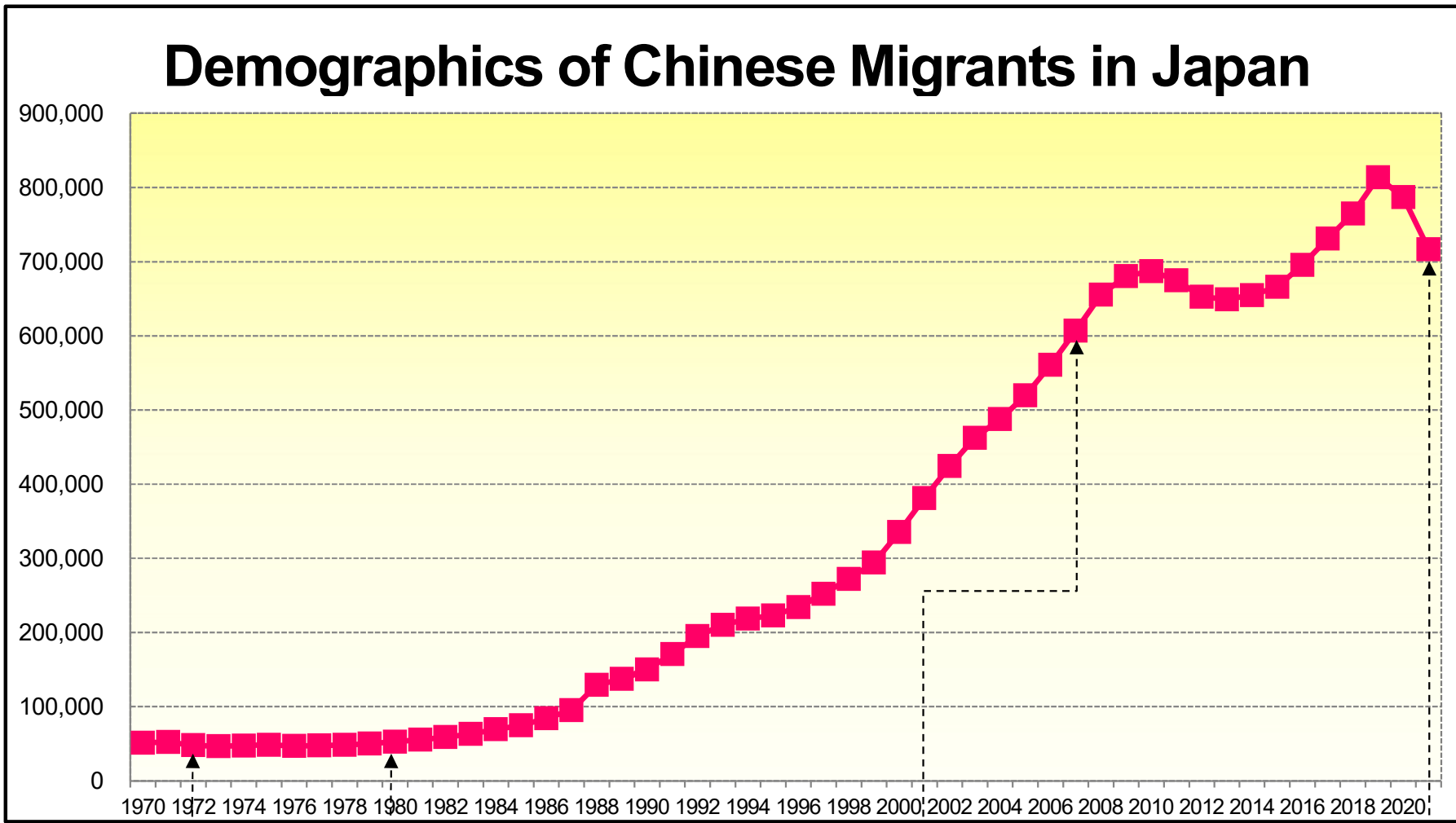
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Chinese Migrants in Japan Insight



After the inflow of Chinese migrants to Japan was halted for more than 30 years, the Japanese government opened its door to Chinese workers.

China has headed towards a pragmatic relationship with Japan on September 27, 1972, under Chairman Mao Zedong, when the two countries restored diplomatic relations.

Chinese migrants began arriving in Japan in the late 1980s to work due to better employment opportunities and higher wage rates.

The renewal of Chinese migration to Japan started like in many western countries in the 1980s when China started to liberalize the mobility of its population.

In 2007, the Chinese residents in Japan became the largest group of foreign residents in the country, replacing the Koreans.

Chinese residents in Japan can be divided into 4 main groups according to the way in which they came to Japan: students, skilled workers, technical interns, or spouses of Japanese.

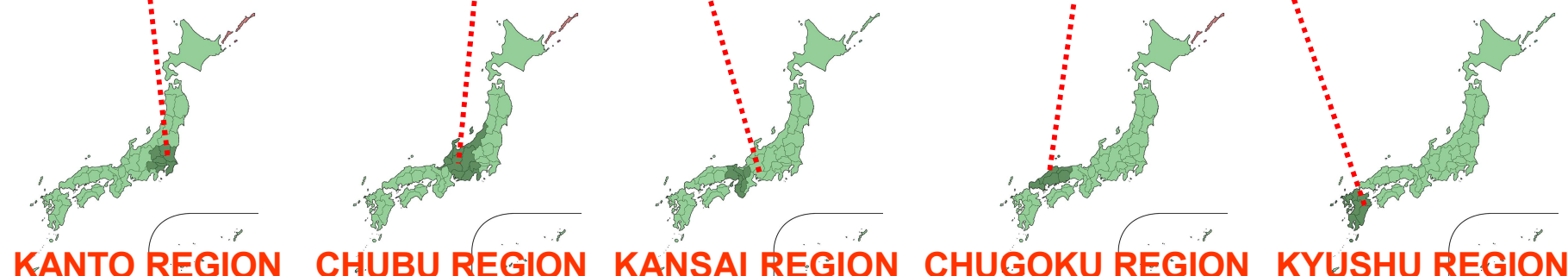
The total number of Chinese students has decreased from 144,264 in December 2019 to 96,594 in December 2021 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

There were 96,594 Chinese students enrolled at universities, specialized training college and language schools, accounting for 13.5% of the total number of international students in Japan.

There were 716,606 Chinese registered in Japan as of December 2021

Tokyo, Saitama, Kanagawa, Osaka and Chiba have the concentration and the largest population of Chinese

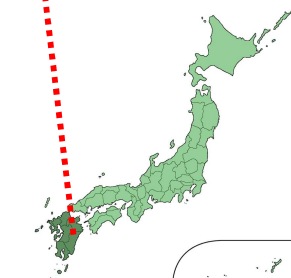
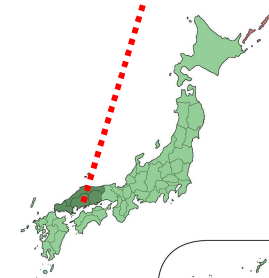
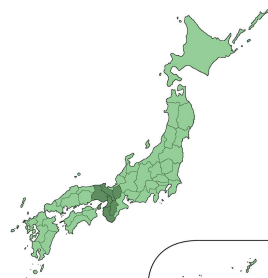
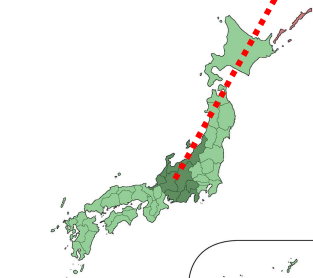
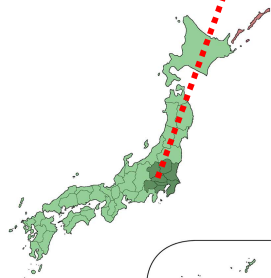
Prefecture	Chinese	All Foreigners	% of Chinese	Prefecture	Chinese	All Foreigners	% of Chinese	Prefecture	Chinese	All Foreigners	% of Chinese	
Hokkaido	8,370	36,316	23.05%	Ishikawa	3,567	14,766	24.16%	Okayama	6,567	29,435	22.31%	
Aomori	888	5,693	15.60%	Fukui	2,198	16,014	13.73%	Hiroshima	11,906	50,605	23.53%	
Iwate	1,573	7,203	21.84%	Yamanashi	3,602	17,163	20.99%	Yamaguchi	2,224	15,873	14.01%	
Miyagi	5,089	21,089	24.13%	Nagano	8,212	35,673	23.02%	Tokushima	1,557	6,094	25.55%	
Akita	920	4,045	22.74%	Gifu	9,327	56,697	16.45%	Kagawa	3,044	13,043	23.34%	
Yamagata	1,897	7,472	25.39%	Shizuoka	10,110	97,338	10.39%	Ehime	2,681	11,900	22.53%	
Fukushima	3,128	14,120	22.15%	Aichi	44,029	265,199	16.60%	Kochi	855	4,500	19.00%	
Ibaraki	11,584	71,121	16.29%	Mie	6,444	54,295	11.87%	Fukuoka	17,882	76,234	23.46%	
Tochigi	6,247	42,430	14.72%	Shiga	4,726	33,458	14.13%	Saga	1,017	6,507	15.63%	
Gunma	6,340	61,945	10.23%	Kyoto	14,296	58,370	24.49%	Nagasaki	1,771	8,982	19.72%	
Saitama	72,812	197,110	36.94%	Osaka	64,185	246,157	26.07%	Kumamoto	3,238	16,686	19.41%	
Chiba	51,982	165,356	31.44%	Hyogo	21,804	111,940	19.48%	Oita	2,118	11,879	17.83%	
Tokyo	208,290	531,131	39.22%	Nara	2,908	13,873	20.96%	Miyazaki	975	7,011	13.91%	
Kanagawa	70,223	227,511	30.87%	Wakayama	1,162	7,132	16.29%	Kagoshima	1,833	11,833	15.49%	
Niigata	4,142	16,936	24.46%	Tottori	763	4,529	16.85%	Okinawa	2,461	18,535	13.28%	
Toyama	4,297	18,237	23.56%	Shimane	1,071	9,405	11.39%	Unidentified	291	1,794	16.22%	
									Total	716,606	2,760,635	25.96%



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Tokyo, Saitama, Kanagawa, Osaka and Chiba have the concentration and the largest population of Chinese

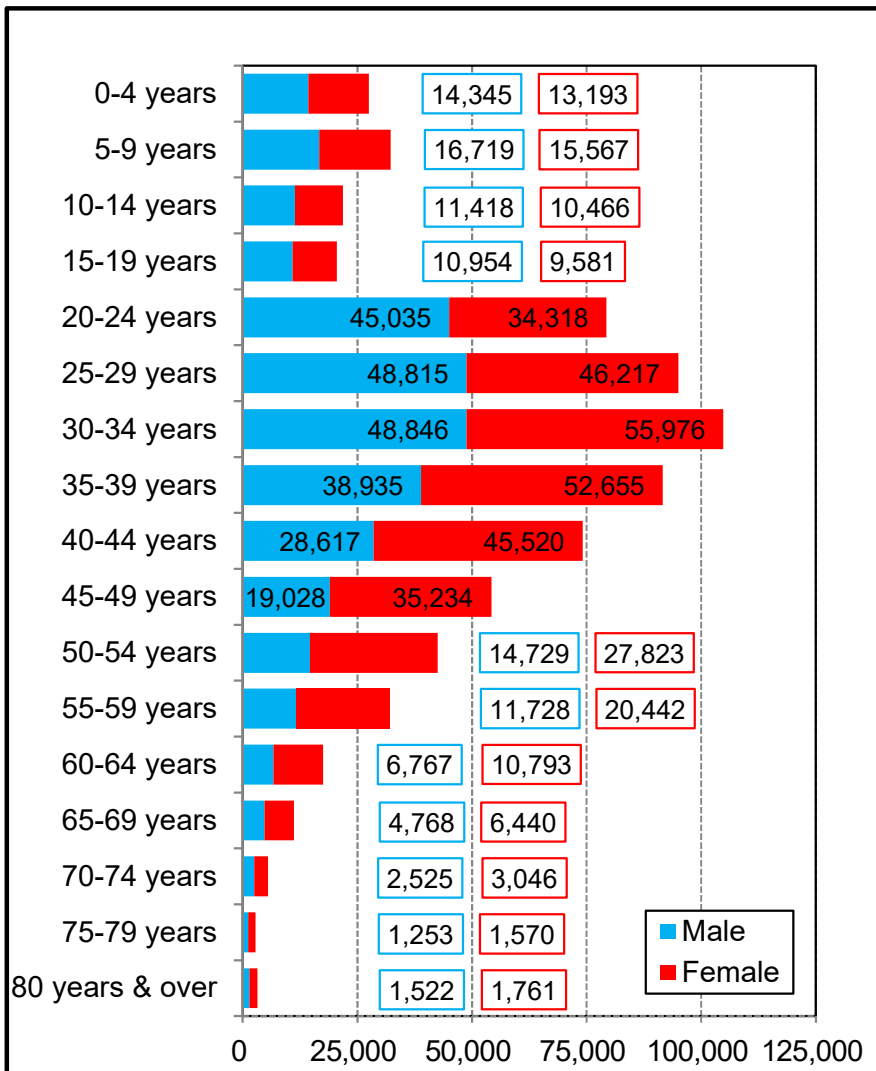
Prefecture	Chinese	Population ratio	Prefecture	Chinese	Population ratio	Prefecture	Chinese	Population ratio
Hokkaido	8,370	1.17%	Ishikawa	3,567	0.50%	Okayama	6,567	0.92%
Aomori	888	0.12%	Fukui	2,198	0.31%	Hiroshima	11,906	1.66%
Iwate	1,573	0.22%	Yamanashi	3,602	0.50%	Yamaguchi	2,224	0.31%
Miyagi	5,089	0.71%	Nagano	8,212	1.15%	Tokushima	1,557	0.22%
Akita	920	0.13%	Gifu	9,327	1.30%	Kagawa	3,044	0.42%
Yamagata	1,897	0.26%	Shizuoka	10,110	1.41%	Ehime	2,681	0.37%
Fukushima	3,128	0.44%	Aichi	44,029	6.14%	Kochi	855	0.12%
Ibaraki	11,584	1.62%	Mie	6,444	0.90%	Fukuoka	17,882	2.50%
Tochigi	6,247	0.87%	Shiga	4,726	0.66%	Saga	1,017	0.14%
Gunma	6,340	0.88%	Kyoto	14,296	1.99%	Nagasaki	1,771	0.25%
Saitama	72,812	10.16%	Osaka	64,185	8.96%	Kumamoto	3,238	0.45%
Chiba	51,982	7.25%	Hyogo	21,804	3.04%	Oita	2,118	0.30%
Tokyo	208,290	29.07%	Nara	2,908	0.41%	Miyazaki	975	0.14%
Kanagawa	70,223	9.80%	Wakayama	1,162	0.16%	Kagoshima	1,833	0.26%
Niigata	4,142	0.58%	Tottori	763	0.11%	Okinawa	2,461	0.34%
Toyama	4,297	0.60%	Shimane	1,071	0.15%	Unidentified	291	0.04%
						Total	716,606	100.00%



KANTO REGION CHUBU REGION KANSAI REGION CHUGOKU REGION KYUSHU REGION

Age and Gender Distribution of Chinese in Japan as of December 31st, 2021

Gender Composition: Male 45.5%, Female 54.5%
 Median Age: Male 32.1 years old, Female 35.7 years old



Visa Status of Chinese in Japan as of December 31st, 2021

- ① Permanent Resident: 297,415
- ② Student: 96,594
- ③ Engineer / Humanities / International Services: 81,221
- ④ Dependent: 67,933

